

BEER FEES HELP TO PAY SALARIES

PLENTY OF MONEY IN TREASURY BUT CONSTITUTION PREVENTS USE.

WAGES FROM REVENUE FUNDS

Money Coming In Will Prove Life Preserver for Office Holders—Capital Building Fund Biggest of Sealed Amounts.

Jefferson City. There is a balance in the state revenue fund of exactly \$49,271.30, or about \$20,000 less than enough to pay the monthly salary roll of the state at the close of the present month. There will be some money coming in, however, and there will be enough on hand to meet the payroll. The beer inspection fees for the month will probably amount to \$45,000, and this will prove a life preserver for the office holders.

Official statements have been given out within the past week showing that there is a balance in the treasury amounting to \$49,271.30, but only a little more than \$45,000 of this sum can be used for current expenses, the support of the state institutions and the general running expenses of the state government. The rest of the total is tied up in special funds, the largest being the new capital fund, since something like \$1,500,000 has lately been disbursed from the public school fund.

Lamkin School Head.

Uel W. Lamkin of Clinton, one of the best known school men in Missouri, has been appointed to the office of state superintendent of public schools to fill the vacancy made by the death of Howard A. Gass.

His commission reads "to fill vacancy and hold until his successor is elected and qualified."

This is construed to mean that whoever is elected for the unexpired term at the November election will succeed him in January, when all of the newly elected officers take up their tasks.

Mr. Lamkin, who has arrived from Clinton has said that there will be no change in the personnel of the department whatever, and that all of the clerks and stenographers, inspectors and other officials appointed by Mr. Gass will retain their places.

He will, no doubt, be nominated for the unexpired term from January of next year, to January, 1919, by the Democratic state committee.

The new state superintendent of schools was connected with the state department under the first administration of Mr. Gass and filled the office of county superintendent of Henry county for a number of years. In 1914 he was strongly urged to make the race for nomination for state superintendent, but stepped aside in order that Mr. Gass might have no opposition. He is comparatively a young man, being under 50, and is widely known in educational circles.

Beverages Made in Missouri.

A Bureau of labor statistics bulletin, just given out by Commissioner John T. Fitzpatrick, states that during the year which ended June 30, 1916, beer, whiskey, wine, cordials, and similar beverages were manufactured and liquors distilled and rectified in Missouri to the value of \$38,600,000. The total of beer and malt preparations alone was \$32,912,000, made chiefly in St. Louis, Kansas City, St. Joseph, and also by the breweries in Washington, Jefferson City, Cape Girardeau, St. Charles, Joplin, Springfield, Hannibal and Appleton. The rectifying of liquors, which was chiefly done in Kansas City and St. Louis, added \$5,688,000 to the worth of the liquor business in Missouri.

Eleven distillers of whiskey and brandy turned out such beverages to the value of \$482,000. The manufacturing of wine, with Hermann as the center of the industry, added another \$200,000 to the figures already indicated, including wine manufactured on the outskirts of St. Louis, Kansas City and other communities throughout the state.

Will Lease Clubhouse.

The Missouri Union, an organization of alumni and former students of the university of Missouri, has decided to lease the Columbia Club building for union house. D. J. Owen of Brookfield was elected president to fill a vacancy; Henry Kinyoun, alumni recorder, was named secretary and editor of the Missouri Alumni. Glad Stephens and J. A. Walden, both of Moberly, were chosen student directors.

State Owes St. Louis County.

St. Louis county officials showed great interest in the statement made by State Auditor Gordon in a campaign speech at Columbia, that the state treasury contained \$4,763,065.55, more than \$1,700,000 in excess of what it contained at a corresponding time under the Hadley administration.

The reason for the interest taken at Clayton in Gordon's remarks is that the costs in criminal cases have been unpaid since last January. The amount due is \$8,017.43.

Refuses "Dry" Amendment.

Secretary of State Roach has declined to allow the parties responsible to place the prohibition amendment on the ballot for the November election.

The secretary in refusing to accept the petitions, gathered under the initiative, states his reasons, and the "drys" are much agitated.

He has offered his assistance in taking the matter up with the supreme court, and the case is now pending.

Secretary Roach, in his letter informing the dry leaders of his refusal to put the amendment on the ballot, quotes from the federal constitution to sustain his position. He said action on the prohibition amendment would be a violation of the constitution, as the passage of the amendment would trespass on the rights of congress, inasmuch as it intends to interfere with interstate commerce in the exclusion from the state of liquor for medicinal purposes and for scientific research. He contends the supreme court has held that the secretary of state is vested with discretion in such matters, although he fails to quote the decision under which such ruling had been handed down.

Roach contends that at least a part of the proposed amendment is legislative, as distinguishable from constitutional in subject matter, and cannot be placed on the ballot as a constitutional amendment.

H. P. Faris of Clinton, Mo., treasurer of the Prohibition National Committee, cited court decisions which he said bear out his contention that the secretary's refusal to put the act on the ballot will be without effect.

The supreme court, he confidently believes, will order that the amendment be placed on the ballot.

Faris went from Clinton to Kansas City to attend a meeting of Prohibitionists, and they have decided to institute mandamus proceedings in the supreme court to force the placing of the amendment on the ballot.

Secretary Roach has promised them all the assistance in his power.

Prison Inquiry Demanded.

An immediate investigation of conditions in the Missouri state penitentiary by the state board of charities and corrections was demanded in resolutions adopted at a meeting of citizens in Kansas City.

James N. Crutcher of Neosho, Mo., a member of the state board of charities and corrections, asserted it was within the province of the board to investigate conditions in all state penal institutions, but it had been officially notified to refrain from doing so, as far as the state penitentiary was concerned.

Prominent clubwomen issued the call for the meeting.

Army Officers for Missouri U.

Two commissioned army officers will have charge of the Missouri university military corps this year. Lieut. Joseph E. King of the Seventh United States Cavalry, recently appointed to the command of the school troops, received word that Maj. Charles Cattle would be chief officer of the post, assisted by Lieut. King. Maj. Cattle will come immediately from his post at Douglas, Ariz., to Columbia.

Three Reappointed to Board.

Governor Major has appointed Dr. J. B. Norman of Tipton, R. S. Lamar of Fulton and William H. Teichert of Clayton members of the board of managers of the State Industrial Home for Incurable Negro Girls at Tipton. All three are reappointments and each will hold for a term expiring August 16, 1919.

Major Names Commission.

Under an act appropriating \$10,000 for the erection of a monument at Richmond, Ray county, Gov. Major appointed Louis Child, Jewell Mayes and William Millikan as the commission to select plans and supervise the construction of a memorial to Gen. Alexander W. Doniphan.

Rixey Organizer.

Col. Thomas P. Rixey, who managed the campaign of Col. James A. Houchin, has been commissioned by the Democratic state committee to work in a number of the Central and South Missouri counties.

'Blue Sky' Convict Paroled.

On recommendation of the parole board Gov. Major paroled W. E. Niles, sentenced in Saline county December 2, 1915, for three years for obtaining money under false pretenses. Niles was prosecuted under the "blue sky" law.

Five Seek Appointment.

Five educators and school teachers have applied to Gov. Major for appointment to the vacancy in the office of state superintendent of public schools, occasioned by the death last week of Supt. Gass. The candidates are: W. M. Okerson of Maryville, Urel Lamkin of Clinton, Lee Ash of Paris, W. Y. Foster of Springfield and Livingston McCartney of Hannibal.

Missouri Soldier Slain.

Private John Clyde of B Company of the Second Missouri Regiment, was shot and killed by a military guard at Dolores, as the result, it is said, of an altercation with the guard.

Lieut. Zellum ordered Clyde's arrest and Clyde, becoming enraged, leveled his rifle at the lieutenant, whereupon the guard fired, according to military authorities.

The guard's name is withheld. The second Missouri is the Southwest Missouri Regiment. B Company comes from Butler.

RAILWAY REVENUES SHOW BIG INCREASE

FIGURES INDICATE BUSINESS IS MOST FLOURISHING EVER KNOWN.

GAINS DUE TO "EFFICIENCY"

Income Goes Over Billion for First Time in History—Eastern Roads Make Best Showing and Southern Next.

Chicago, Ill.—Railroad financial results for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1916, made public through the Railway Age Gazette, shows that net revenues for the year crossed the billion mark for the first time.

The net operating revenues for the year were \$1,176,804,000, or \$5,134 a mile, as compared with \$938,580,638, or \$4,731 a mile, for 1915. The average mileage represented in 1916 was 229,229 and in 1915, 221,829.

The increase is due largely to better efficiency, it is stated. The advance in total operating revenues was only 7.5 per cent, but the net operating revenue increased 21.3 per cent over 1915.

Compared with the fiscal year 1915 the current year shows an increase of \$208,223,925 or 16.9 per cent a mile in aggregate operating revenue. Operating expenses increased \$338,867,393, or 8.3 per cent per mile.

The smallest increase in net operating revenues was in the West, with 2.5 per cent and the largest in the eastern group of railroads with 45 per cent. In the South the increase was 44.6 per cent.

AMBULANCES TO THE BALKANS

American Equipment Now on Duty in France Will Be Transferred to New Scenes.

Paris, France.—The American ambulance field service announced the formation of a section of ambulance to serve with the French army in the Balkans. The section will include 30 ambulances of the latest pattern, a kitchen car, tents and other accessories for service far from the hospital base. The personnel is now being recruited from veterans of the service.

As American volunteers have served on the Yser, Aisne, and Somme in the Champagne, at Verdun, in Lorraine and in the reconquered portions of Alsace, the establishment of a Saloniki base extends the service to include almost all of the great campaigns of the French army.

NO CHANGES IN REICHSTAG

German Lawmakers Hold Office Until End of War—Government Heads Hold Consultation.

Berlin, Germany.—No Reichstag election will be held in Germany during the war, and the present grouping of political parties, therefore, will remain unchanged, influential newspapers asserted.

The Vossische Zeitung said that the Bundestag has voted to prolong the present Reichstag for at least a year, on the ground that an election during the war is out of question.

Chancellor von Bethmann-Hollweg presided at a special meeting of the Prussian ministry and party leaders and within the next few days will have a conference with Foreign Secretary von Jagow and other government heads.

AIRSHIP SINKS A SUBMARINE

Entire Crew of 29 Men of the Foucault Rescued and Made Prisoners.

Berlin, Germany.—The French submarine Foucault has been sunk in the Southern Adriatic by bombs dropped from Austro-Hungarian naval airplanes, the Austrian admiralty announced.

The entire crew of 29 men were rescued and made prisoners.

Brandels Gives \$5,000 to Zionists.

Boston—Justice Louis D. Brandels of the United States supreme court, speaking at a reception given in his honor by local Zionist leaders, pledged \$5,000 to the Zionist movement on condition that Boston Jews raise the remaining \$18,000 of \$23,000 pledged.

Mining Engineers to Meet.

Globe, Ariz.—A meeting of the American Institute of Mining Engineers will be held early in October at St. Louis, according to members who have arrived here for their annual convention.

Handcuffs for Groom!

Chicago—Wedding jokesters handcuffed William Cummings, a bridegroom, and his best man, James Cahill and left them wandering about the streets for two hours. They thought it a fine joke.

New Coroner Is Victim.

Milwaukee, Wis.—Coroner Fred Luehring and two of his deputies who have presided over many "mad stool victims," were taken violently ill after eating some "mushrooms" in a local restaurant.

HOT WORK IN THE TRENCHES



This Italian sharpshooter firing from a shelter trench is fighting in his shirt sleeves on account of the intense heat.

DISCUSS MEXICAN STATUS REVIEW TROOPS IN TEXAS

TROOP WITHDRAWAL AND INTERNAL CONDITIONS.

Joint Commission Adjourns Work for Week Without Arriving at Any Conclusions.

New London, Conn.—The Mexican-American joint commission has virtually concluded its work for this week. A majority of the commissioners are out of town today and the conference will not be resumed until Monday. Alberto Pani, of the Mexican commission, is in New York. Luis Cabrera, head of the Mexican commission, expects to leave for New York and Ignacio Bonillas, the third member, has planned to be in Boston today. Dr. John R. Matt, of the American commission, also has an agreement that will take him away today. Major-General Bliss, assistant chief of staff of the United States army, who has been here in an advisory capacity, is expected to return on Monday.

The Mexican representatives, in the absence of any official reports to the Mexican commissioners, have accepted as authentic Gen. Bell's account of the raiding of Chihuahua by Villa. Discussion of this report took up a large part of the commissioners' time at the conference.

General conditions in Mexico were discussed again and the American commissioners submitted more reports gathered by the state department on conditions in Mexico. In a rather general way the subject of withdrawing the American troops was discussed, the Mexicans expressing the opinion that Gen. Carranza's army was capable of coping with the situation in the region now patrolled by Gen. Pershing's forces.

That the renewed activity of Villa in Chihuahua would delay any agreement as to a plan of border control apparently was taken by the Mexicans to be a matter of course.

HAS TWO SUITS FOR DIVORCE

Charges First Husband With Desertion—Wants Second Wedding Annulled.

Oklahoma City, Ok.—Suits for divorce from two men of the same name were filed by Mrs. Maggie Hill, seeking absolute divorce on grounds of abandonment and non-support from the one, Cyrus Hill, and an annulment of the marriage to the other, Tony Hill.

Mrs. Hill was arrested recently on a complaint of her first husband while she still was living with the second. Mrs. Hill explained that she thought she had been granted a divorce from her first husband, and it is understood the county attorney's office agreed not to prosecute her for bigamy.

Leg Bandage His Bank.

New York.—Surgeons found \$1,000 in bills bandaged to the leg of Thomas Duchovnik, a furrier, who was burned in a fire. "I'm my own bank," the patient remarked.

Drops Bombs on Dover.

London.—A German seaplane flew over Dover and dropped three bombs. The missiles caused no casualties, according to an official statement.

Head of Bankers' Society.

Cincinnati, O.—E. G. McWilliams of Los Angeles was elected president of the American Institute of Banking in convention here.

All Germans Must Report.

Amsterdam.—Emperor William in the German Official Gazette appeals to all Germans abroad to report to the consular offices in order to ascertain whether they are available for military service.

War Turns Hair Gray.

London.—The war is rapidly making men old. In many cases the hair of soldiers at the front turns gray within ten days. Men between the ages of 21 and 27 present the appearance of men over 40.

GUARDSMEN AND REGULARS PARADE FOR OFFICIALS.

More Men in Line Than Since Close of Civil War—El Paso Declares a Holiday.

El Paso, Tex.—National guardsmen and regular soldiers—26,000 of them in dust-stained khaki—swung through the streets of El Paso and past a reviewing stand at Fort Bliss in the first parade and review of an infantry division at full war strength ever held in the United States. Military men said also that a larger number of troops were in line than at any other time in the history of the country, with the exception of the grand review in Washington at the close of the Civil War.

Participating in the review were troops from the regular army, from Massachusetts, Michigan, Kentucky, Ohio, South Carolina, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island and New Mexico, in all 799 officers and 25,341 men. Eight thousand animals and 1,000 vehicles, including ambulances, gun carriages and supply wagons, helped to make up the pageant.

By order of the mayor, yesterday was a municipal holiday in El Paso. Stores throughout the city were decorated with flags and bunting, as were the homes along the line of march. The review was tendered by Gen. Bell to Gen. Clement.

CALLS FOR HELP TO END WAR

Prince Asks Pope and President to Assist in Preventing Cataclysm in Europe.

London, England.—Prince Alexander of Hohenlohe has published in the Neue Zürcher Zeitung appeals to the pope and to President Wilson to bring about "an honorable peace."

The prince, as quoted, contends that the war will be ended either by a compromise or by the complete ruin of all the belligerents. There are two men, he says, able to prevent the cataclysm and they are the pope and President Wilson. The power of the president, according to the prince, is his ability by a single word to stop the exportation of munitions of war from the United States.

ALL GERMANS MUST REPORT

Amsterdam, Holland.—Emperor William in the German Official Gazette appeals to all Germans abroad to report to the consular offices in order to ascertain whether they are available for military service.

Brings Down 28th Plane.

Berlin.—Capt. Boelke, Germany's most famous aviator, brought down two more entente aeroplanes, making his record 28 machines disposed of during the war, it was announced.

Cavalryman Killed in Texas.

Bloomington, Ind.—John C. Steinhagen, 20 years old, a private in F Troop, Sixth United States Cavalry, was shot and killed at Presidio, Tex., according to a telegram received by the young man's mother, Mrs. John Steinhagen, of this city.

More Militia to Border.

Cincinnati, Ohio.—Two Wyoming national guard infantry battalions, A Troop of the Kansas Cavalry and B Troop of the Wisconsin Cavalry, were ordered to the Mexican border by the war department.

Oliver W. Holmes' Cousin Dies.

New York City.—John Wadsworth Holmes, a prominent resident of this city, died at the age of 89. He was a cousin of the late Oliver Wendell Holmes and was the last representative of his family.

President to Speak in Indianapolis.

Indianapolis, Ind.—President William has accepted an invitation to speak in Indianapolis, Oct. 12, at the celebration of Highway day, in connection with the Indiana Centennial observance.

BATTLES IN THE AIR FEATURE OF WEST

ZEPPELINS RAID ENGLISH COAST, KILL 27—TWO FLIERS BROUGHT DOWN.

DUELS ON FRENCH FRONT

Quiet in Rumania, and British Troops Enter Bulgaria—Italians Admit Retirement From Austrians—Company Blown Up.

London.—Aerial activity, in which two Zeppelins were brought down and more than 50 German, French and British aeroplanes met with disaster in fights in the air, forms the chief news feature of the war.

The Zeppelins were downed by British anti-aircraft gunners on the eastern coast of England, in Essex, after a fleet of 12 aeroplanes had visited London and other points, dropping bombs. One machine, with its entire crew, was burned in midair. The other was brought down damaged and its crew was taken prisoner. Both of the Zeppelins were of a new pattern.

Artillery Duels on French Front.

In the metropolitan district of London, 28 men, women and children were killed and 99 wounded. Outside of London, two persons met death and 11 were injured. Considerable material damage was done by bombs in London and the outlying districts.

Paris reports French airmen have accounted for 26 German aeroplanes, while Berlin records the bringing down of 25 entente allied machines. 20 of them on the Somme front. Five German machines were destroyed by the British, while five British machines are missing.

On the battle front in France violent artillery duels have predominated.

In Rumania the fighting has died down somewhat about Dobruja.

British troops have crossed the Struma at three points and taken Jemina from the Bulgarians.

Italians Quit Mount Cimone.

The usual artillery bombardment and isolated infantry engagements have taken place on the Austro-Italian front. Violent Austrian attacks in the Carso region failed, according to Rome, but the Italian war office admits the blowing up of a part of Mount Cimone by an Austrian mine and the relinquishment of the position by the Italians. Vienna says 427 prisoners fell into the hands of the Austrians as a result of this operation and that an entire Italian company was buried in the explosion.

Prosecutor Held as Blayer.

St. Joseph, Mo.—Oscar D. McDaniel, prosecuting attorney, was arrested here on a state warrant charging him with the murder of his wife, Harriet Moss McDaniel, who was found dying in her bedroom the night of July 25.

Wreath on Lincoln's Tomb.

Springfield, Ill.—W. G. McLeod, chairman of the federal farm loan board, and the other members of the board, who passed the day in Springfield, made a pilgrimage to the tomb of Abraham Lincoln in Oak Ridge Cemetery, where they placed a wreath.

Pray for the Dead.

New York.—Prayers for the dead will become a part of the ritual of the Protestant Episcopal Church in the United States of America, if the special commission on the revision of the Book of Common Prayer of that communion has its way.

Elston Scott Reprieved Again.

Springfield, Ill.—Another reprieve was granted by Gov. Dunne to Elston Scott, the negro sentenced to hang at Murphysboro a year ago. This latest reprieve postpones the execution from Oct. 13 to Dec. 15.

Killed on Way to Hospital.

Tulsa, Ok.—While being rushed in an automobile to a hospital to receive attention for injuries received in an accident at an oil well, H. G. Lytle, 48, was killed when the machine upset in a pile of sand.

Germany Objects to "Tank."

London.—The German government purposes to take up with the International Red Cross a complaint that the new British "tanks" are against the rules of civilized warfare.

Woman Held for Murder.

Spickard, Mo.—Mrs. Harvey Joiner is under charges of murder here, following the shooting of her brother-in-law, Harry Joiner, on a crowded car. Joiner was shot five times and died instantly.

Girl Is Life-Saving Hero.

London.—Miss Olive M. Farnaby, the 16-year-old ticket clerk at the Robin Hood's Bay railway station, Yorkshire, rescued three women from drowning last week.

Two Dynamiters Leave Prison.

Leavenworth, Kan.—W. Bert Brown of Kansas City and William E. Reddin of Milwaukee, two of the 33 men found guilty at Indianapolis of conspiracy to transport dynamite illegally, were released from the federal prison.